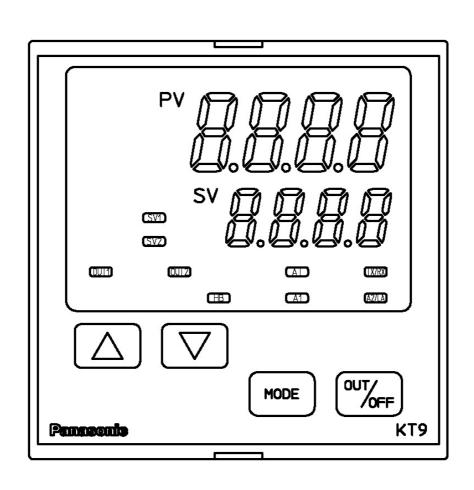
Panasonic®

TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER KT9 INSTRUCTION MANUAL



Preface

Thank you for the purchase of **Panasonic** Temperature controller KT9.

This manual contains instructions for the mounting, functions, operations and notes when operating the KT9.

For model confirmation and unit specifications, please read this manual carefully before starting operation.

To prevent accidents arising from the misuse of this controller, please ensure the operator receives this manual.

Notes

- This instrument should be used according to the specifications described in the manual. If it is not used according to the specifications, it may malfunction or cause fire.
- Be sure to follow the warnings, cautions and notices. If they are not observed, it could cause serious injury or accidents.
- The contents of this instruction manual are subject to change without notice.
- Care has been taken to assure that the contents of this instruction manual are correct, but if there are any doubts, mistakes or questions, please inform our sales department.
- This instrument is designed to be installed in a control panel. If it is not, measures must be taken to ensure that the operator cannot touch power terminals or other high voltage sections.
- Any unauthorized transfer or copying of this document, in part or in whole, is prohibited.
- Panasonic Industrial Devices SUNX Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any damage or secondary damage(s) incurred as a result of using this product, including any indirect damage.
- To pull out the inner assembly, release the hooks at the top and bottom of the instrument with thin, hard tweezers. (If the hooks are released too far, they may be broken, or IP66 function could deteriorate. Do not pull out the inner assembly except when repairing the instrument.)

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Be sure to read these precautions before using our products.)

The safety precautions are classified into categories: "Warning" and "Caution".

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by \triangle Caution may be linked to serious results, so be sure to follow the directions for usage.



Warning

Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause death or serious injury, if not carried out properly.



Caution

Procedures which may lead to dangerous conditions and cause superficial to medium injury or physical damage or may degrade or damage the product, if not carried out properly.

1. Installation precautions



№ Caution

This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions (IEC61010-1): Overvoltage category II, Pollution degree 2

Ensure the mounting location corresponds to the following conditions:

- A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
- No flammable, explosive gases
- No mechanical vibrations or shocks
- No exposure to direct sunlight, an ambient temperature of 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F) that does not change rapidly
- An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85%RH
- No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing
- No water, oil or chemicals or where the vapors of these substances can come into direct contact with the unit

Note: Do not install this instrument near flammable material even though the case of this instrument is made of flame-resistant resin.

Avoid setting this instrument directly on flammable material.

2. Wiring precautions



Caution

- Use the solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve that fits in the M3 screw when wiring the KT9 Series.
- The terminal block of this instrument is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
- Tighten the terminal screw within the specified torque. If excessive force is applied to the screw when tightening, the terminal screw or case may be damaged.
- Do not apply a commercial power source to the sensor which is connected to the input terminal nor allow the power source to come into contact with the sensor.
- This controller does not have built-in power switch, circuit breaker or fuse. It is necessary to install them near the controller.
 - (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250V AC, rated current 2A)
- For a 24V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).

3. Running and maintenance precautions



🗥 Warning

- It is recommended that the PID auto-tuning be performed on the trial run.
- Do not touch live terminals. This may cause electric shock or problems in operation.
- Turn the power supply to the instrument OFF before retightening the terminal and cleaning.

Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched ON may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.

- Use a soft, dry cloth when cleaning the instrument. (Alcohol based substances may tarnish or deface the unit)
- Às the display section is vulnerable, do not strike or scratch it with a hard object.

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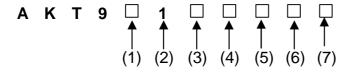
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1. Model number

1.1 Explanation of model number



(1) Supply voltage ----- 1: 100 to 240V AC 2: 24V AC/DC

(2) Input type ----- 1: Multi-input (Thermocouple, RTD, DC current

and DC voltage can be selected by keypad operation.

For DC current input, 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) must be connected between input

terminals.)

(3) Control output (OUT1) ----- 1: Relay contact 2: Non-contact voltage (Voltage

output for SSR drive) 3: DC current

(4) Alarm output ----- 1: A1 output 2: A1 output + A2 output

(The alarm type and Energized /Deenergized can be selected by keypad operation)

(5) Heating/Cooling control (OUT2) output:

0: Not available 1: Relay contact

2: Non-contact voltage 3: DC current

(6) Heater burnout alarm ----- 0: Not available 1: Available (5A) 2: Available

(10A) 3: Available (20A) 4: Available (50A) (Heater burnout alarm is not available for the DC

current output)

(7) Serial communication ----- 1: Applied (The number is added only when Serial

communication is applied.)

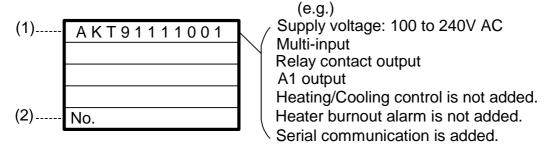
1.2 Rated input

Input type	Input r	ange	Resolution
K	–200 to 1370 °C	−320 to 2500 °F	1°C(°F)
IX.	–199.9 to 400.0 °C	−199.9 to 750.0 °F	0.1℃(℉)
J	–200 to 1000 °C	−320 to 1800 °F	1°C(°F)
R	0 to 1760 °C	0 to 3200 °F	1°C(°F)
S	0 to 1760 °C	0 to 3200 °F	1 ℃(°F)
В	0 to 1820 °C	0 to 3300 °F	1 ℃(℉)
E	–200 to 800 °C	−320 to 1500 °F	1℃(℉)
Т	–199.9 to 400.0 °C	−199.9 to 750.0 °F	0.1℃(℉)
N	–200 to 1300 °C	−320 to 2300 °F	1°C(°F)
PL-II	0 to 1390 °C	0 to 2500 °F	1 ℃(°F)
C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 °C	0 to 4200 °F	1 ℃(℉)
Pt100	–199.9 to 850.0 °C	−199.9 to 999.9 °F	0.1℃(℉)
1 (100	–200 to 850 °C	−300 to 1500 °F	1 ℃(℉)
JPt100	–199.9 to 500.0 °C	−199.9 to 900.0 °F	0.1℃(℉)
31 (100	–200 to 500 °C	−300 to 900 °F	1°C(°F)
4 to 20mA DC	-1999 to 9999 *1, *2		1
0 to 20mA DC	-1999 to 9999 *1, *2		1
0 to 1V DC	-1999 to 9999 *1		1
0 to 10V DC	_1999 t	-1999 to 9999 *1	
1 to 5V DC	-1999 t	-1999 to 9999 *1	
0 to 5V DC	-1999 t	to 9999 *1	1

^{*1:} For DC input, the input range and decimal point place can be changed.

1.3 How to read the rated label

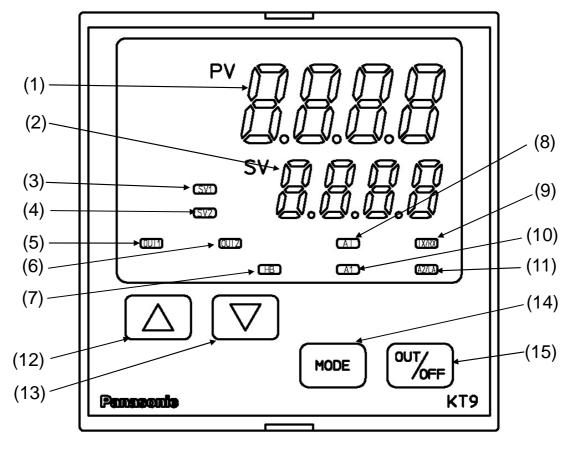
The rated label is attached to the case.



- (1) Model number, supply voltage, input type, output type, etc. are entered.
- (2) Lot number is entered.

^{*2:} For DC current input, 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) must be connected between input terminals.

2. Name and functions of the sections



(Fig. 2-1)

(1) PV display

Indicates the PV (process variable) with a red LED.

(2) SV display

Indicates the SV (main set value) or MV (manipulated variable) with a green LED.

(3) SV1 indicator

The green LED lights when SV1 is selected.

(4) SV2 indicator

The yellow LED lights when SV2 is selected.

(5) OUT1 indicator

When OUT1 or Heating output is on, the green LED lights.

(For the DC current output type, this flashes corresponding to the output manipulated variable in 0.25 second cycles)

(6) OUT2 indicator

When OUT2 is on, the yellow LED lights.

(For the DC current output type, this flashes corresponding to the output manipulated variable in 0.25 second cycles)

(7) HB indicator

When Heater burnout alarm output or sensor burnout alarm output is on, the red LED lights. (When Heater burnout alarm is added and if indication is overscale or underscale, the red LED lights as well)

(8) AT indicator

The yellow LED flashes during auto-tuning or auto-reset.

(9) TX/RX indicator

The yellow LED flashes during Serial communication.

(10) A1 indicator

When A1 output is on, the red LED lights.

(11) A2/LA indicator

When A2 output is on, the red LED lights.

- (12) Increase key: Increases the numeric value.
- (13) Decrease key: Decreases the numeric value.
- (14) Mode key: Selects the setting mode or registers the set value.(By pressing the Mode key, the set value or selected value can be registered.)
- (15) OUT/OFF key
 - If OUT/OFF function is selected during OUT/OFF function selection, the control output is turned on or off.

Once the control output OFF function is enabled, the function cannot be released even if the power to the instrument is turned OFF and turned ON again.

To cancel the function, press the OUT/OFF key again for approx. 1 second.

 If Auto/Manual control function is selected from OUT/OFF function selection, automatic control is performed when the power to the controller is turned on. In this status, if the OUT/OFF key is pressed, the automatic control output is switched to manual control output and vice versa. However, this function can be switched only in the PV/SV display mode.



Notice

When setting the specifications and functions of this controller, connect terminals 2 and 3 for power source first, then set them referring to "5. Setup" before performing "3. Mounting to the control panel" and "4. Wiring".

3. Mounting to the control panel

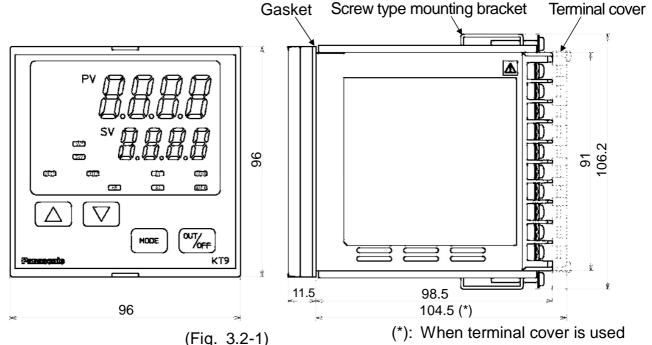
3.1 Site selection

This instrument is intended to be used under the following environmental conditions (IEC61010-1): Overvoltage category \mathbb{I} , Pollution degree 2

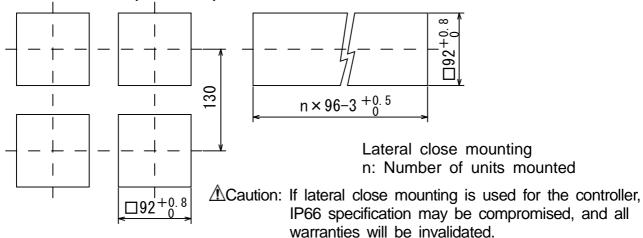
Ensure the mounting location corresponds to the following conditions:

- (1) A minimum of dust, and an absence of corrosive gases
- (2) No flammable, explosive gases
- (3) No mechanical vibrations or shocks
- (4) No exposure to direct sunlight, an ambient temperature of 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F) that does not change rapidly
- (5) An ambient non-condensing humidity of 35 to 85%RH
- (6) No large capacity electromagnetic switches or cables through which large current is flowing
- (7) No water, oil or chemicals or where the vapors of these substances can come into direct contact with the unit

3.2 External dimensions (Unit: mm)

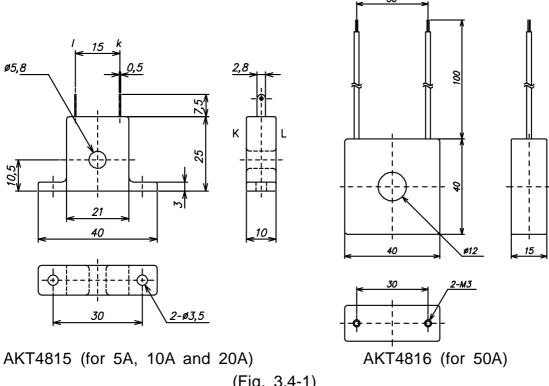


3.3 Panel cutout (Unit: mm)



(Fig. 3.3-1)

3.4 CT (Current transformer) external dimensions (Unit: mm)



(Fig. 3.4-1)

3.5 Mounting



Notice

As the case is made of resin, do not use excessive force while screwing in the mounting bracket, or the case or screw type mounting bracket could be damaged. The torque should be 0.12N•m.

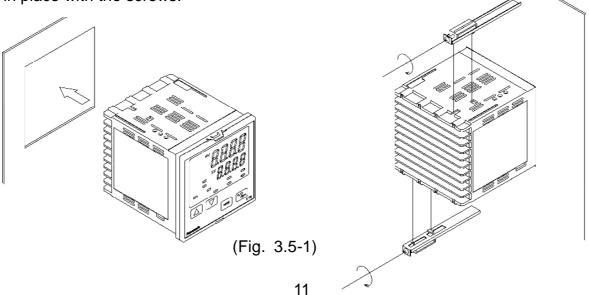
Mount the controller vertically to the flat, rigid panel to ensure it adheres to the Dust-proof/Drip-proof specification (IP66).

Mounting panel thickness: 1 to 8mm.

Insert the instrument from the front side of the panel.

Attach the mounting bracket by the holes at the top and bottom of the case and secure

in place with the screws.



4. Wiring



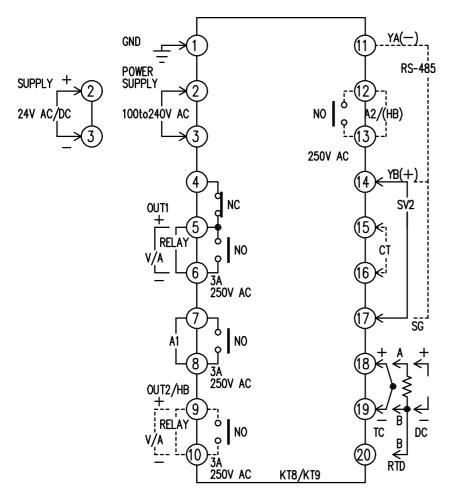
Warning

Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking.

Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.

Moreover, the instrument must be grounded before the power supply to the instrument is turned on.

4.1 Terminal arrangement



(Fig. 4.1-1)

• OUT1 : Control output 1 (Heating output)

• OUT2 : Control output 2 (Cooling output)

 RELAY: Relay contact output
 V/A: Non-contact voltage output/DC current output

A1 : Alarm 1 outputA2 : Alarm 2 output

• HB : Heater burnout alarm output

• RS-485: Serial communication

SV2 : 2nd SVCT : CT input

TC : ThermocoupleRTD : Resistance

temperature detector

• DC : DC current or DC voltage

For DC current input, 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) must be connected between input terminals.



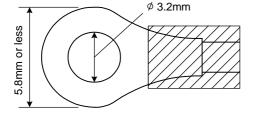
Notice

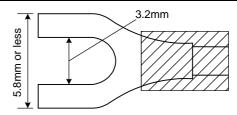
- The terminal block of KT9 series is designed to be wired from the left side. The lead wire must be inserted from the left side of the terminal, and fastened with the terminal screw.
- Dotted lines show options.
- If A2 (option) and Heater burnout alarm (option) are applied together, use terminals 12-13 for A2, and 9-10 for the Heater burnout alarm.
- If the Heating/Cooling control (option) and Heater burnout alarm (option) are applied together, use terminals 9-10 for the Heating/Cooling control, and 12-13 for the Heater burnout alarm.
- When only Heater burnout alarm option is applied, use terminals 9 and 10.

Lead wire solderless terminal

Use a solderless terminal with an insulation sleeve in which an M3 screw fits as shown below.

Solderless terminal	Manufacturer	Model	Tightening torque
V turno	Nichifu Terminal Industries CO.,LTD.	TMEV1.25Y-3	
Y type	Japan Solderless Terminal MFG CO.,LTD.	VD1.25-B3A	O CONIero
Down d turns	Nichifu Terminal Industries CO.,LTD.	TMEV1.25-3	0.63N•m
Round type	Japan Solderless Terminal MFG CO.,LTD.	V1.25-3	





(Fig. 4.1-2)

4.2 Wiring examples



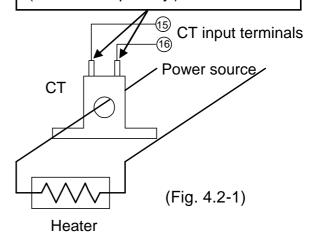
Notice

- To extend a thermocouple's lead wire, be sure to use a compensating lead wire in accordance with the sensor input specification. (If any other compensating lead wire is used, a temperature indication error may be caused.)
- Use the 3-wire RTD according to the sensor input specifications of this controller.
- This controller does not have built-in power switch, circuit breaker or fuse. It is necessary to install them in the circuit externally, near the controller. (Recommended fuse: Time-lag fuse, rated voltage 250V AC, rated current 2A)
- For a 24V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).
- When using a relay contact output type, use a relay externally according to the capacity of the load to protect the built-in relay contact.
- When wiring, keep the input wire (Thermocouple, RTD, etc.) away from AC sources or load wires to avoid external interference.
- Use a thick wire (1.25 to 2.0mm²) for grounding.

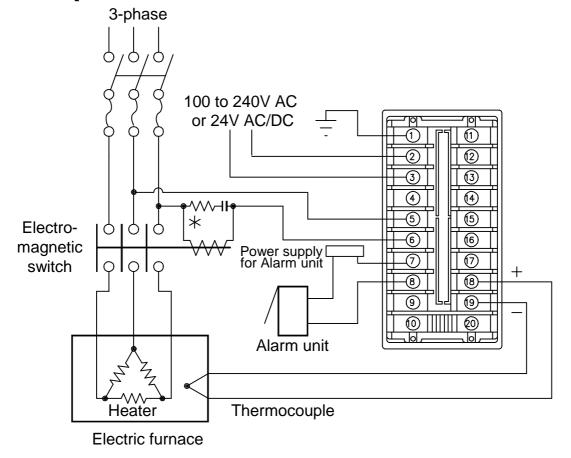
[Heater burnout alarm output]

- (1) This alarm is not available for detecting heater current under phase control.
- (2) This alarm is not available for detecting 3-phase heater current.
- (3) Use the current transformer (CT) provided, and pass one lead wire of the heater circuit into the hole of the CT.
- (4) When wiring, keep CT wire away from any AC source and load wire to avoid external interference.
- (5) Solder the CT and wires connected to the CT input terminals. (There is no polarity.)

Solder the CT and wires connected to the CT input terminals. (There is no polarity.)



[AKT9111100]



(Fig. 4.2-2)

- * To prevent the unit from harmful effects of unexpected high level noise, it is recommended that a surge absorber be installed between the electromagnetic switch coils.
- For a 24V AC/DC power source, do not confuse polarity when using direct current (DC).

5. Setup

For the thermocouple and RTD input, the sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display for approx. 3 seconds after the power is turned on. See (Table 5-1).

For DC input, the sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display and the scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display. See (Table 5-1).

If any other value is set during the scaling high limit setting, the set value is indicated on the SV display.

During this time, all outputs and the LED indicators are in OFF status.

Control will then start and the PV (process variable) will be indicated on the PV display and SV1 or SV2 will be indicated on the SV display.

While control output OFF function is working, $\Box F F$ is indicated on the PV display. To release the function, press the OUT/OFF key for approx. 1 second.

(Table 5-1)

Companianut		$^{\circ}$		°F	
Sensor input	PV display	SV display	PV display	SV display	
K	E [1370	E F	2500	
r\	E .[4000	Ŀ F	7500	
J	<u>.</u> [1000	"J F	1800	
R	r [1750	r F	3200	
S	- , <u>-</u> , <u>-</u>	1750	5	3200	
В	5 [1820	b F	3300	
E	E	800	E F	1500	
T	Γ .Σ	4000	Г "F	7500	
N	n [1300	n F	2300	
PL-Ⅱ	PL 2E	1390	PL2F	2500	
C (W/Re5-26)	<u> </u>	23 /5	<u> </u>	4200	
Pt100	PT L	8500	PT F	9999	
1 1100	PT [850	PT F	1500	
JPt100	JPT.E	5000	_ <i>.::F1:.F</i>	9000	
JF (100	JPT [500	<u> 1</u> 975	900	
4 to 20mA DC	420A	Scaling high limit value			
0 to 20mA DC	020R				
0 to 1V DC	<u> </u>				
0 to 10V DC	0 108				
1 to 5V DC	: 58				
0 to 5V DC	D 58				

5.1 Operation flow chart Alarm 1 (A1) setting procedure [Numbers (1) to (5) are indicated on the flow chart.] Outline of operation procedure (1) [A1 type]: Select an alarm type [If an alarm type except for --- is selected, items (2) to (5) Operation before running are indicated and they can be set if necessary.] [Step 1 Initial setting] : Set Input type, Alarm type, control action, (2) [A1 action Energized/Deenergized]: Select Alarm 1 contact etc. in Auxiliary function setting mode 2. output ON (Energized: ヮヮヮ゙゙) or OFF (Deenergized: ヮゟゖ). (3) [A1 hysteresis]: Set A1 hysteresis. [Step 2 Adjusting item] : Set PID values and Alarm values in the (4) [A1 action delayed timer]: Set A1 action delayed time. Sub setting mode. (If input enters alarm action range and setting times has passed, the alarm is activated.) : Set the Set value Lock, SV high limit and SV low [Step 3 Lock setting1 (5) [A1 value]: Set action point of A1 output. limit in Auxiliary function setting mode 1 (If Step 3 is not necessary, skip this step.) If an alarm type is changed, the alarm set value becomes 0 (0.0). Therefore it is necessary to reset it. [Step 4 Run setting : Set SV1 (desired value) in the Main setting mode. Press the MODE Control output OFF function or PV/SV display **Output MV indication Auto/Manual control function** Press key for approx. 1se Press the MODE key for approx. 3sec. Press MODE for approx. 3sec while holding down Press the MODE key Press the MODE while holding down the key. [Auxiliary function setting mode 1] [Main setting mode] [Sub setting mode] Make a selection with _____. SV1 (Desired value) • If AT is cancelled during the process, Set value Lock AT/Auto-reset PV L SV SV PID values revert to previous value. kevs PV AI Auto-reset is automatically cancelled If Lock 1 or Lock 2 is selected. Lack Selection MODE Selection in 4 minutes. AT or Auto-reset does not work. SV2 (Desired value) MODE · Be sure to select Lock 3 when PV sv sv using Serial communication. Set the value with keys. **OUT1** proportional MODE MODE • ON/OFF action when set to 0 or 0.0 band SV Set value SV high limit Reverts to PV/SV display. Set the value with , weeks. PV 5H SV Set value [MODE] MODE Set the value with , week. OUT2 proportional Explanation of MODE key band · Available when Heating/Cooling SV low limit Set the value with , week. PV P_5 PV L SV Set value control (OUT2) is added Set value ↓ MODE: This means that MODE MODE if MODE is pressed, the set value is saved, and the Set the value with , weys. Sensor correction Set the value with keys. Integral time PV ' controller proceeds to the SV Set value • PD action when set to 0, and autonext setting item. PV ; SVS et value reset can be performed. MODE MODE Make a selection with keys. Communication protocol Set the value with keys. PV こうちし Derivative time • PI action when set to 0 MODE PV d SV Set value Instrument number Set the value with , which keys. MODE PVCTTD Set value ARW Set the value with keys MODE PV [] SV Set value Available for PID action Communication speed Make a selection with ______. MODE 'cā5P SV Selection Set the value with keys. OUT1 proportional MODE · Not available for DC current output or cvcle Make a selection with keys. SV Set value when OUT1 is ON/OFF action Parity • Not available if nonL is selected MODE during Communication protocol PVCDPC SV Selection Set the value with , wkeys. selection OUT2 proportional

Setting items with dotted lines are optional and they appear only when the options are added.

selection

Make a selection with keys.

 Not available if nant is selected during Communication protocol

MODE

SV Selection

Reverts to the PV/SV display.

MODE

Stop bit

PV _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Heater burnout alarm value • Set the value with .

SVSet value • OFF when set to 0.0

cycle

A1 value

A2 value

c_b

PV A I

PV 82

(5)

SV Set value

SV Set value

Set value

MODE

MODE

MODE

MODE

· Not available for DC current output or

Set the value with , week

Set the value with , weys.

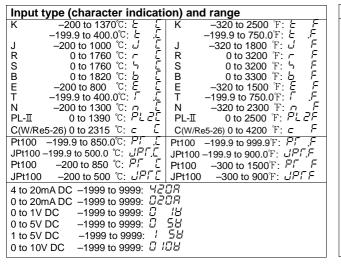
Not available if --- is selected

• Not available if --- is selected

when OUT2 is ON/OFF action

during A1 type selection

during A2 type selection



Alarm type
High limit alarm: The alarm action is ±deviation setting from the SV. The alarm is activated

if the input value reaches the high limit set value. Character indication: H Low limit alarm: The alarm action is \pm deviation setting to the SV. The alarm is activated if the input value goes under the low limit set value. Character indication: L

High/Low limits alarm: Combines High limit and Low limit alarm actions. When input value reaches high limit set value or goes under the low limit set value, the alarm is activated. Character indication: HL

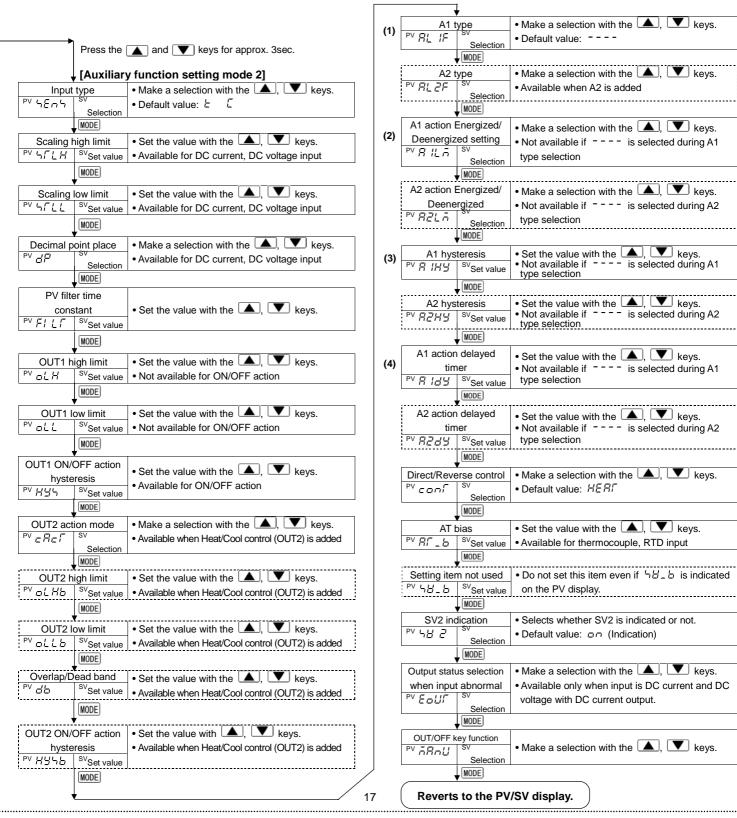
High/Low limit range alarm: When input value is between the high limit set value and low limit set value, the alarm is activated. Character indication: $\vec{\omega}'$ \vec{c}'

Process alarm: Within the scale range of the controller, alarm action points can be set at random and if the input reaches the randomly set action point, the alarm is activated.

Character indication: Process high alarm B -, Process low alarm B -Alarm with standby function: When the power to the controller is turned on, even if the input enters the alarm action range, the alarm is not activated. (If the controller is allowed to keep running, once the input exceeds the alarm action point, the standby function will be released.)

Character indication:

High limit alarm with standby : H Low limit alarm with standby : L Lighthylow limits alarm with standby : HL Light



5.2 Main setting mo	d	е
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The main setting mode can be selected by pressing the MODE key.

The SV can be increased or decreased by pressing the or key.

The SV is registered by pressing the MODE key, and the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode.

Character (PV display)	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value (SV display)
4	SV1	0℃
	Sets SV1.	
	Setting range: SV low limit to SV high limit, or	
	scaling low limit value to scaling high limit value	
42	SV2	0℃
_	Sets SV2.	
	Not available if Serial communication (option) is added.	
	Setting range: SV low limit to SV high limit, or	
	scaling low limit value to scaling high limit value	

5.3 Output MV indication

Output MV (manipulated variable) indication

• In the PV/SV display mode, if the MODE key is pressed for 3 seconds, the output MV is indicated on the SV display.

While the output MV is indicated, the 1st decimal point from the right on the SV display flashes in 0.5 second cycles.

By pressing the MODE key again, the unit reverts to the PV/SV display mode.

	5.4	Sub	setting	mode
--	-----	-----	---------	------

The sub setting mode can be selected by pressing the MODE key while holding down the key.

The set value can be increased or decreased by pressing the for the set value is registered by pressing the formula when the next setting item is selected.

selected.		
Character (PV display)	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value (SV display)
R.C	AT setting/Auto-reset setting	Cancel
RF	 Sets AT (auto-tuning) or Auto-reset (offset correction). Auto-reset can be performed only in PD or P action. (Auto-reset cannot be performed when the control action ON/OFF action) : Auto-tuning/Auto-reset Cancel All Auto-tuning [Auto-tuning] If Auto-tuning "Perform" is selected and the MODE key AT indicator flashes and the unit reverts to the PV/SV When Auto-tuning is finished, the AT indicator is turned ARW values are automatically set. 	on is PID, PI is pressed, the display mode.
	 During auto-tuning, none of the settings can be carried. If Auto-tuning is cancelled during the process, P, I, D, A return to the previous value. If OUT/OFF key is pressed during auto-tuning, control function activates, and pressing the OUT/OFF key aga PID auto-tuning. If PID auto-tuning does not finish in 4 hours after starting. 	ARW values output OFF in cancels the
	auto-tuning is cancelled automatically.	ווק, ו

]	[Auto-reset]			
	If auto-reset "Perform" is selected and	d the MODE kev is	s pressed.	
	the AT indicator flashes and the unit re	•	•	
	mode.			
	If auto-reset is performed, offset correction immediately starts.			
	To prevent key misoperation, other settings cannot be performed for 4			
	minutes after auto-reset starts.		1 66 1 61	
	After auto-reset is completed, the AT	indicator is turned	off and the	
177	reset value is automatically set.		10 ℃	
P	OUT1 proportional band setting		100	
	 Sets OUT1 proportional band. The control action becomes ON/OFF 	action when set	to 0 or 0 0	
	• Setting range: 0 to 1000°C (0 to 2000		.0 0 01 0.0.	
	With a decimal point, 0.0 to 999.9°C	•) to 100 0%	
	[Percentage of the scaling span (sca	• •		
P_b	OUT2 proportional band setting	gg	1.0 times	
7 - 2	Sets OUT2 proportional band.			
	OUT2 becomes ON/OFF action wher	n set to 0.0.		
	Available only when Heating/Cooling	control (option) is	added.	
	Setting range: 0.0 to 10.0 (multiplying factor to OUT1 proportional			
	band)		_	
;	Integral time setting		200 seconds	
	• Sets the integral time.			
	Setting the value to 0 disables the fur	nction (PD action)		
,	Setting range: 0 to 1000 seconds Derivetive time acting		E0 accorde	
ರ	Derivative time setting Sets the derivative time.		50 seconds	
	Setting the value to 0 disables the fur	action (PL action)		
	Setting the value to 0 disables the full Setting range: 0 to 300 seconds	iction (Fraction).		
17	ARW (Anti-reset windup) setting		50%	
' '	• Sets the anti-reset windup.		0070	
	Available only for PID action.			
	Setting range: 0 to 100%			
_	OUT1 proportional cycle setting	Relay contact or	•	
	Sets OUT1 proportional cycle.	Non-contact volta	ige output: 3sec	
	Not available for ON/OFF action and	•	• •	
	With the relay contact output type,	• •	•	
	is decreased, the frequency of the	_	eases and	
	the life of the relay contact is shortSetting range: 1 to 120 seconds	enea.		
5 - b	OUT2 proportional cycle setting	Relay contact ou	itnut: 30sec	
' '-'	Sets OUT2 proportional cycle setting	Non-contact volta	•	
	Not available for ON/OFF action and		•	
	Available only when Heating/Cooling	•	• •	
	Setting range: 1 to 120 seconds	(1 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7		

8:	A1 value setting	0 ℃
	 Sets the action point for A1 output. Setting the value to 0 or 0.0 disables the function. (excluding Process high and Process low alarm) Not available if No alarm action is selected during A1 Setting range: See (Table 5.4-1). 	type selection.
R2	A2 value setting	0 °C
	 Sets the action point for A2 output. Setting the value to 0 or 0.0 disables the function. (excluding Process high and low alarm) Not available if A2 (option) is not added or if No alarm selected during A2 type selection. Setting range and default value are the same as those of A 	
H	HB (Heater burnout alarm) value setting	0.0A
and measured current value are displayed alternately.	 Sets the heater current value for Heater burnout alarm Available only when the Heater burnout alarm (option) When OUT1 is OFF, heater current value shows the pwhen OUT1 was ON. Setting the value to 0.0 disables the function. It is recommended to set approx. 80% of the heater current value shows the pwhen OUT1 was ON. Setting the value to 0.0 disables the function. It is recommended to set approx. 80% of the heater current value shows the pwhen OUT1 was ON. Setting recommended to set approx. 80% of the heater current value shows the pwhen OUT1 was ON. Setting the value to 0.0 disables the function. Upon returning to set limits, the alarm will stop. Setting range: Rating 5A: 0.0 to 5.0A Rating 20A: 0.0 to 20.0A Rating 50A: 	is added. revious value as urrent value 0.0 to 10.0A

Setting range of A1 and A2

(Table 5.4-1)

Alarm type	Setting range	
High limit alarm	–Input span to input span [°] C (°F)	*1
Low limit alarm	–Input span to input span °C (°F)	*1
High/Low limits alarm	0 to input span °C (°F)	*1
High/Low limit range alarm	0 to input span °C (°F)	*1
Process high alarm	Input range low limit to input range high limit	*2
Process low alarm	Input range low limit to input range high limit	*2
High limit alarm with standby	–Input span to input span ^{°C} (°F)	*1
Low limit alarm with standby	–Input span to input span °C (°F)	*1
High/Low limits alarm with standby	0 to input span °C (°F)	*1

- When the input has a decimal point, negative low limit value is –199.9, and positive high limit value is 999.9.
- All alarm types except Process alarm are ±deviation setting from the SV.
- *1: For DC input, the input span is the same as the scaling span.
- *2: For DC input, input range low (or high) limit value is the same as the scaling low (or high) limit value.

5.5	Auxiliary function setting mode 1
	In the PV/SV display mode, if the MODE key is pressed for approx. 3 seconds while
	holding down the key, Auxiliary function setting mode 1 can be selected.
	The set value can be increased or decreased by pressing the or key
	If the MODE key is pressed, the set value is registered and the next setting item is
	selected

Character (PV display)	Name, Function, Setting range	Default value (SV display)	
Lock	Set value lock selection Unlock		
	Locks the set value to prevent setting errors		
	The setting item to be locked depends on the selection	٦.	
	 PID auto-tuning or auto-reset does not work if Lock 1 or Lo 		
	• When selecting Lock, select Lock 1, Lock 2 or Lock 3	after setting the	
	necessary items in the status Unlock.		
	• (Unlock): All set values are changeable.		
	Lac (Lock 1): None of the set values can be change		
	Lロロゴ (Lock 2): Only main setting mode can be chang Lロロゴ (Lock 3): All set values except input type can be ch		
	they return to their previous value after the power is to	•	
	they are not written in the non-volatile memory		
	Lock 3 when changing the set value frequently via		
	(If the value changed by the communication fundamental communication)		
	as the previous one, it is not written in the non-	• /	
	Do not change any setting item in Auxiliary functions 2. If any item in the mode is changed, it will af	•	
	items such as SV and Alarm value.	lect other setting	
5 H	SV high limit setting	1370°C	
'''	Sets SV high limit.		
	Setting range: SV low limit to input range high limit value.		
	DC input: SV low limit to scaling high lin		
	(The placement of the decimal point follow	,	
56	SV low limit setting	–200 ℃	
	Sets SV low limit.Setting range: Input range low limit value to SV high li	mit	
	DC input: Scaling low limit value to SV high limit		
	(The placement of the decimal point follow	•	
ا <u>ت</u> ا	Sensor correction setting	0.0℃	
1 2	Sets correction value for the sensor.		
	• Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F), For DC input, -		
	(The placement of the decimal point follows	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
cā51	Communication protocol selection	ñod8	
	Selects the communication protocol.Available only when Serial communication (option) is a	applied	
	Not available if npnL is indicated	аррпец.	
	• Modbus ASCII mode: ロロゴラ, Modbus RTU mode: ロ	iodr	
_ =	Instrument number setting	0	
	• Sets the instrument number. (Communication cannot	be carried out	
	unless an instrument number is individually set when	•	
	by connecting plural instruments in serial communicat	,	
	 Available only when Serial communication (option) is a Setting range: 0 to 95 	auu c u.	
5558	Communication speed selection	9600bps	
	Selects a speed equal to that of the host computer.	<u> </u>	
	(Communication cannot be performed unless the spee		
	• Available only when Serial communication (option) is	added.	
	• 2400bps: ♂Ч, 4800bps: ЧВ, 9600bps: 🖫 5, 19	200bps: / <i>92</i>	

c ñPr	Parity selection	Even parity	
Enrr	 Selects the parity. Not available if Serial communication (option) is not added or if parit is selected during Communication protocol selection. No parity: part, Even parity: EBEn, Odd parity: pdd 		
_ =	Stop bit selection	1	
 Selects the stop bit. Not available if Serial communication (option) is not a if nank is selected during Communication protocol Selecting item: / (1) or z (2) 			

5.6 Auxiliary function setting mode 2

In the PV/SV display mode, if the and keys are pressed for approx. 3 seconds, Auxiliary function setting mode 2 can be selected.

The set value can be increased or decreased by pressing the or key. If the MODE key is pressed, the set value is registered and the next setting item is selected.

Character (PV display)	Name, Function, Settir	Default value (SV display)		
\5En5	Input type selection	Input type selection		
	• The input type can be selected	from	1370℃)	
	thermocouple (10 types), RTD	(2 types), DC curre	ent (2 types) and	
	DC voltage (4 types) and the ur		()1 /	
Input type	Inpu	t range		
K	–200 to 1370 °C: <i>E</i>	-320 to 25	500°F: <i>Է Ϝ</i>	
I N	–199.9 to 400.0 °C∶ <i>≿ .厂</i>	-199.9 to 75	0.0°F: <i>≿ .F</i>	
J	–200 to 1000 °C∶ ຝ່ ⊑	-320 to 18		
R	0 to 1760 °C∶ ┌		00 °F:	
S	0 to 1760 °C : '¬	0 to 320		
В				
Е	–200 to 800 °C∶ <i>E L</i>	-320 to 15		
Т	–199.9 to 400.0 °C: /	-199.9 to 75		
N	–200 to 1300 °C∶ 🙃 🛴	-320 to 23		
PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 °C : <i>F'L E'L</i>		00 °F: <i>FL 2</i> 'F	
C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 °C∶ ⊑		00 °F: <u>c</u>	
Pt100	–199.9 to 850.0 °C∶ <i>F1</i> .Ľ	-199.9 to 99		
1 (100	–200 to 850 °C∶ <i>ቮΓ Γ</i>	-300 to 15	500°F: <i>Pに F</i>	
JPt100	–199.9 to 500.0 °C: ∠/F/T.L	-199.9 to 900).0 ℉: <i>ゴドバチ</i>	
JETTOO	_200 to 500 ℃: ᠘₽/ [-300 to 90	00 ℉: <i>ゴアドト</i>	
4 to 20mA DC	−1999 to 9999: <i>'\E'\E'\E</i>			
0 to 20mA DC	−1999 to 9999: 🖸 Ξ΄ 🗓 🛱			
0 to 1V DC	−1999 to 9999: 🖸 🖊			
0 to 10V DC	−1999 to 9999: 🗓 ¼Д₩			
1 to 5V DC	−1999 to 9999: 👃 5 🖯			
0 to 5V DC	o 5V DC —1999 to 9999: 🗓 5 🗷			

55LH	Scaling high limit setting	9999		
	Sets scaling high limit value.			
	Available only for the DC input			
	Setting range: Scaling low limit value to input range	ge high limit value		
	(The placement of the decimal point follows the se	election)		
5/11	Scaling low limit setting	-1999		
	Sets scaling low limit value.			
	Available only for the DC input			
	 Setting range: Input range low limit value to scalir 	ng high limit value		
	(The placement of the decimal point follows the s	selection)		
dP	Decimal point place selection	No decimal point		
	Selects a decimal point place.			
	Available only for the DC input			
	• No decimal point :			
	1 digit after decimal point : 🔲 🕮			
	2 digits after decimal point : □ДДД			
	3 digits after decimal point: 🚨🗒 🗒 🗸			
FILI	PV filter time constant setting	0.0 seconds		
	Sets PV filter time constant.			
	If the value is set too large, it adversely affects co	ntrol result due to		
	the delay of response.			
	Setting range: 0.0 to 10.0 seconds			
aLH	OUT1 high limit setting	100%		
	Sets the high limit value of OUT1.			
	Not available if OUT1 is ON/OFF action			
	Setting range: OUT1 low limit value to 105%			
	Setting higher than 100% is effective to DC currer	nt output type.		
aLL	OUT1 low limit setting	0%		
	Sets the low limit value of OUT1.			
	Not available if OUT1 is ON/OFF action			
	 Setting range: –5% to OUT1 high limit value 			
	Setting less than 0% is effective to DC current ou	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<i>H</i>	OUT1 ON/OFF action hysteresis setting	1.0℃		
	 Sets ON/OFF action hysteresis for OUT1. 			
	Available only when OUT1 is ON/OFF action			
	• Setting range: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)			
	For DC input, 1 to 1000 (The place	ement of the decimal		
	point follows the selection)			
cAcl	OUT2 action mode selection	Air cooling		
	Selects a cooling action from Air cooling, Oil cooli	ng and Water		
	cooling.			
	Not available if OUT2 is ON/OFF action or if Heat	ting/Cooling control		
	(option) is not applied			
	• Filer: Air cooling (Linear characteristic)			
	□ ½: Oil cooling (The 1.5th power of the linear of			
	ಸ್ಟ್ : Water cooling (The 2nd power of the linea	ır characteristic)		

oL Hb	OUT2 high limit setting 100%				
	Sets the high limit value of OUT2.				
	Not available if OUT2 is ON/OFF action or if Heating/Cooling contro				
	(option) is not applied				
	Setting range: OUT2 low limit value to 105%				
	(Setting higher than 100% is effective to DC current output type.)				
aLLb	OUT2 low limit setting 0%				
	Sets the low limit value of OUT2.				
	Not available if OUT2 is ON/OFF action or if Heating/Cooling control				
	(option) is not applied				
	• Setting range: –5% to OUT2 high limit value				
	(Setting less than 0% is effective to DC current output type.)				
db	Overlap band/Dead band setting 0.0°C				
	Sets overlap band and dead band value for OUT1 and OUT2.				
	+ Set value: Dead band				
	- Set value: Overlap band				
	Not available if OUT2 is ON/OFF action or if Heating/Cooling control				
	(option) is not applied				
	• Setting range: -100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)				
	DC input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal				
	point follows the selection)				
<i>H</i>	OUT2 ON/OFF action hysteresis setting 1.0°C				
	Sets ON/OFF action hysteresis for OUT2.				
	Available when OUT2 is ON/OFF action or when Heating/Cooling				
	control (option) is applied				
	• Setting range: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)				
	For DC input, 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal				
	point follows the selection)				
AL IF	A1 type selection No alarm action				
	Selects A1 type.				
	Selecting item				
	No alarm action :				
	High limit alarm : H				
	Low limit alarm : L				
	High/Low limits alarm : H'_L				
	High/Low limit range alarm : ਹੁੰ/ ਹ				
	Process high alarm : # -				
	Process low alarm : ¬Я¬				
	High limit alarm with standby : ਮ ਸੁੰ				
	Low limit alarm with standby : 💪 💆				
	High/Low limits alarm with standby: 🖁 🛴				

RL 2F	A2 type selection	No alarm action	
• Selects A2 type.			
	 Available only when A2 (option) is applied The selecting item is the same as those of A1 type selection. 		
A ILA			
// / <u> </u> //	Selects A1 action Energized/Deenergized.		
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during	A1 type selection	
	Selecting item	7 tr typo ooloollon	
	Energized: ¬¬¬¬L Deenergized: ¬EЫ¬		
RZLA	A2 action Energized/Deenergized selection	Energized	
115511	Selects A2 action Energized/Deenergized.	gc.	
		A2 type selection	
	 Not available if No alarm action is selected during A2 type selection or if A2 (option) is not added 		
	• The selecting item is the same as those of A1 acti	ion Energized/	
	Deenergized selection.	ion Enorgizoa,	
A IHY	A1 hysteresis setting	1.0℃	
	• Sets A1 hysteresis.		
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during	A1 type selection	
	• Setting range: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)	, type concentent	
	For DC input, 1 to 1000 (The place	ment of the decimal	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ows the selection)	
ASH4	A2 hysteresis setting	1.0℃	
	Sets A2 hysteresis.		
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during A2 type selection		
	or if A2 (option) is not added		
	• The setting range is the same as those of A1 hysteresis setting.		
8 185	A1 action delayed timer setting	0 seconds	
	Sets the action delayed timer for A1.		
	The Alarm is activated when the setting time has elapsed after the input		
	enters the alarm action range.		
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during	e if No alarm action is selected during A1 type selection	
	Setting range: 0 to 9999 seconds		
8239	A2 action delayed timer setting	0 seconds	
	Sets the action delayed timer for A2.		
	The Alarm is activated when the setting time has elapsed after the input		
	enters the alarm action range.		
	Not available if No alarm action is selected during	A2 type selection	
or if A2 (option) is not added			
	• The setting range is the same as those of A1 action	on delayed timer	
	setting.		

	,			
conf	Direct/Reverse control action selection	Reverse		
	Selects either Direct (Cooling) or Reverse (Heating)	(Heating) action		
	control action.			
	Selecting item			
	Reverse (Heating): 片を見た Direct (Cooling): このは	<u>1</u>		
Ar_b	AT bias setting	20 ℃		
	Sets the bias value for performing PID auto-tuning.			
	Not available for DC input			
	Available for PID action • Setting range: 0 to 50°C (0 to 100°F)			
	With a decimal point, $0.0 \text{ to } 50.0^{\circ}\text{C}$ (0.	0 to 100 0°F)		
58_b	Setting item not used			
1020	When Serial communication (option) is applied, this ite	m appears.		
	However, do not set this item.	арроаго.		
58 Z	SV2 indication selection	Indication		
	Selects whether SV2 is indicated or not.			
	Selecting item			
	ם (Indication) בּךּ (No indication)			
Eaur	Output status selection when input abnormal	Output OFF		
	• Selects the output status of OUT1 and OUT2 (option) when DC input is			
	overscale or underscale. See "Input abnormality indication" on pages 40, 41.			
	• Available only for DC current output with DC input			
	•			
	☐☐: Outputs a value between OFF(4mA) and ON(20mA) or between OUT1(OUT2) low limit value and OUT1(OUT2) high limit value,			
	depending on a deviation.	ngir illilit value,		
ā8aU	OUT/OFF key function selection	OUT/OFF		
	Selects the OUT/OFF key function.	function		
	Selecting item			
	ರ್ಷ (OUT/OFF function), ಗೆಗಿಗಟಿ (Auto/Manual co	ontrol function)		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		

ARW function

ARW (Anti-reset windup) prevents overshoot caused by the integral action. The smaller the ARW value, the less the overshoot caused by the integral action in the transition status, however it takes time until stabilization.

Sensor correction function

This corrects the input value from the sensor. When a sensor cannot be set at a location where control is desired, the sensor measuring temperature may deviate from the temperature in the controlled location. When controlling with plural controllers, the accuracy of sensors affects the control.

Therefore, sometimes the measured temperatures (input value) do not concur. In such a case, the control can be set at the desired temperature by adjusting the input value of sensors.

SV1/SV2 external selection

SV1 or SV2 can be selected by the external operation.

- Between terminals 14 and 17 open: SV1 can be selected.
- Between terminals 14 and 17 closed: SV2 can be selected.
- Set value memory number cannot be changed during setting mode or PID auto-tuning.

Energized/Deenergized function

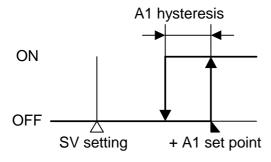
This function is not available for the Heater burnout alarm (optional).

[If the alarm action Energized is selected]

When the alarm output indicator is lit, the alarm output (terminals 7-8 or 12-13) is conducted (ON). When the alarm output indicator is unlit, the alarm output is not conducted (OFF). See (Fig. 5.6-1).

[If the alarm action Deenergized is selected]

When the alarm output indicator is lit, the alarm output (terminals 7-8 or 12-13) is not conducted (OFF). When the alarm output indicator is unlit, the alarm output is conducted (ON). See (Fig. 5.6-2).



ON A1 hysteresis

OFF SV setting + A1 set point

High limit alarm (When Energized is set) (Fig. 5.6-1)

High limit alarm (When Deenergized is set) (Fig. 5.6-2)

5.7 Control output OFF function

Control output OFF function [aFF]

- A function to pause the control action or turn the control output of the unused instrument of the plural units OFF even if the power to the instrument is supplied.
 [\$\sigma \beta \beta \beta\$] is indicated on the PV display while the function is working.
- Once the Control output OFF function is enabled, the function cannot be released even if the power to the instrument is turned OFF and ON again.

To cancel the function, press the key again for approx. 1 second.

5.8 Auto/Manual control function

PV/SV display mode (Manual control)

- To use this function, it is necessary to select Auto/Manual control function during the OUT/OFF key function selection.
- First, press the key.

 The MV (manipulated variable) on the SV display can be increased or decreased by pressing the or key and the control is performed.
- The 1st decimal point from the right on the SV display flashes.
- By pressing the week key again, the mode reverts to the PV/SV display (automatic control) mode.

(When the power supply to the instrument is turned on, automatic control starts)

6. Running

After the controller is mounted to the control panel and wiring is completed, operate the unit following the procedures below.

(1) Turn the power supply to the KT9 Series ON.

For approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display, and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display. See (Table 6-1).

For the DC input, for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display, and the scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display. See (Table 6-1).

However, if the scaling high limit value has been changed during the Scaling high limit setting, the changed value is indicated on the SV display.)

(During this time, all outputs and the LED indicators are in OFF status)

After that, the PV (process variable) is indicated on the PV display, and SV1 or SV2 is indicated on the SV display.

(When the Control output OFF function is working, " $\varpi F F$ " is indicated on the PV display)

(Table 6-1)

(Table 6 1)	1	00	1 0	
Sensor input	°C		°F	
Ochsor input	PV display	SV display	PV display	SV display
K	E	1370	E F	2500
IX.	£ .[4000	Ŀ.F	7500
J		1000	J F	1800
R	r	1750	r F	3200
S	<u> </u>	1750	5	3200
В	<u> </u>	1820	<u> </u>	3300
Е	E	800	E F	1500
Т	Γ .Ε	4000	r .F	7500
N	n [1300	n F	2300
PL-Ⅱ	PLZE	1390	P1.2F	2500
C (W/Re5-26)		23 /5	c F	4200
Pt100	FI L	8500	PT F	9999
11100	P. [850	PF F	1500
JPt100	./P/T.E	5000	1.PT.F	9000
31 1100		500	JPTF	900
4 to 20mA DC	420A			
0 to 20mA DC	020A			
0 to 1V DC	<u> </u>	Cooling high limit value		
0 to 10V DC	0 108	Scaling high limit value		
1 to 5V DC	1 58			
0 to 5V DC	D 58			

(2) Input each set value.

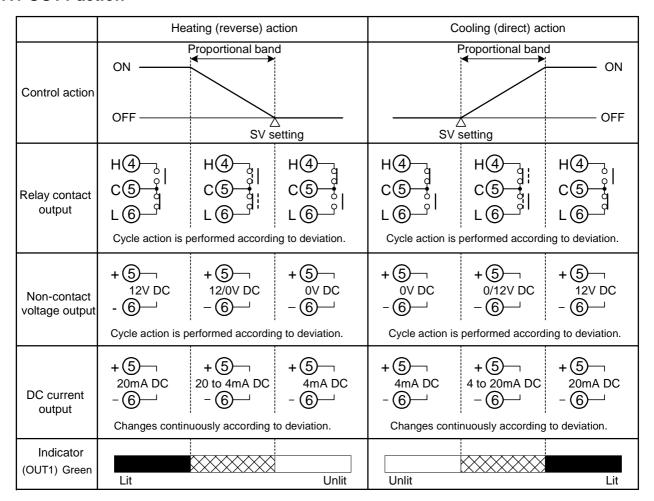
Input each set value, referring to "5. Setup".

(3) Turn the load circuit power ON.

Control action starts so as to keep the control target at the SV.

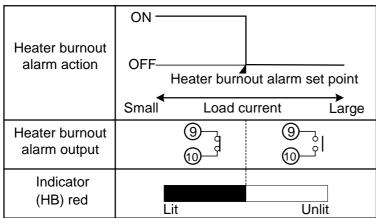
7. Action explanation

7.1 OUT1 action



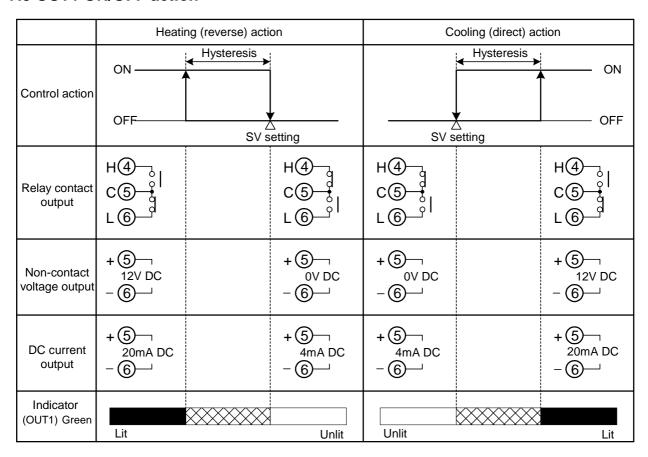
: Acts ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

7.2 Heater burnout alarm action (option)



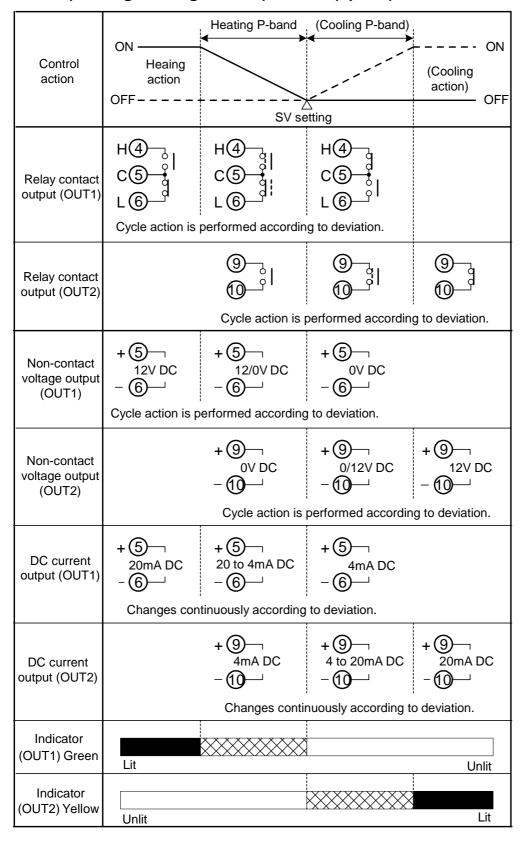
When Heating/Cooling control (option) is applied, use terminals 12 and 13 for the Heater burnout alarm output.

7.3 OUT1 ON/OFF action



: Acts ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

7.4 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling control) action (option)

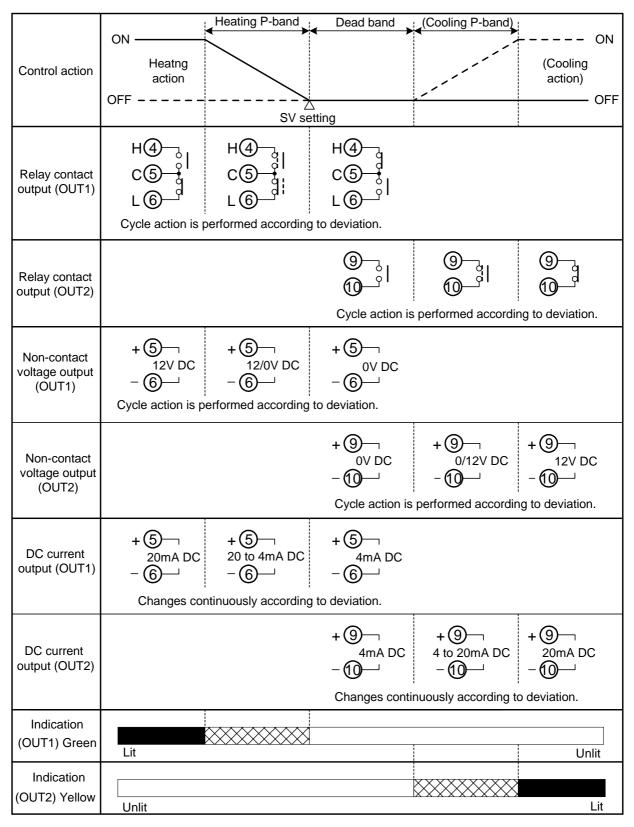


: Acts ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

: Represents Heating control action.

- - - : Represents Cooling control action.

7.5 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling control) action (when setting Dead band)

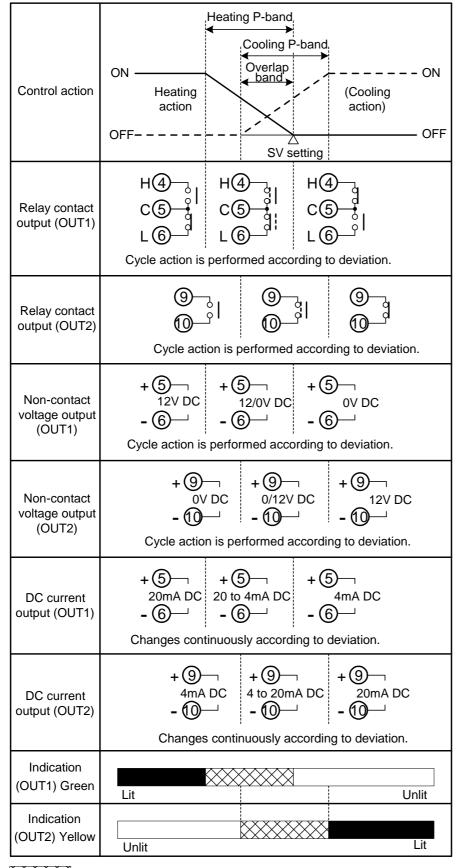


: Acts ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

: Represents Heating control action.

- - - : Represents Cooling control action.

7.6 OUT2 (Heating/Cooling control) action (when setting Overlap band)

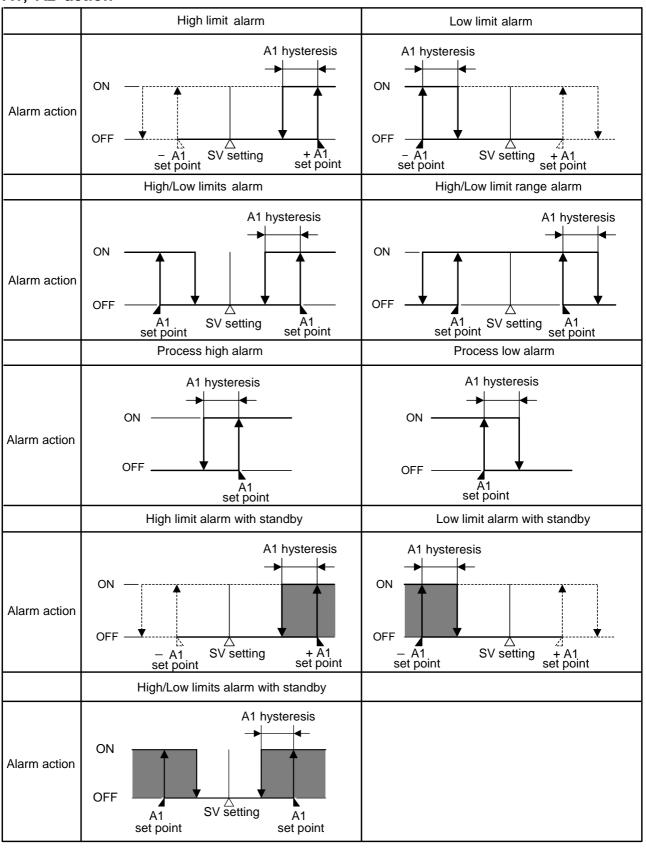


: Acts ON (lit) or OFF (unlit).

-----: Represents Heating control action.

- - - : Represents Cooling control action.

7.7 A1, A2 action



: Standby functions.

A2 output is turned ON when terminals 12 and 13 are connected.

A1 and A2 indicators light when their output terminals are connected (ON), and go off when they are not connected (OFF).

7.8 SV1/SV2 external selection action

	SV1	SV2
SV1/SV2 external selection	14	(4) g
Indicator Green	SV1 SV2 Lit Unlit	SV1 SV2 Unlit Lit

8. Control action explanations

8.1 PID

(1) Proportional band (P)

Proportional action is the action during which the control output varies in proportion to the deviation between the SV and the PV (processing temperature).

If the proportional band is narrowed, even if the output changes by a slight variation of the processing temperature, better control results can be obtained as the offset decreases.

However, if the proportional band is narrowed too much, even slight disturbances may cause variation in the processing temperature, control action changes to ON/OFF action and the so-called hunting phenomenon occurs.

Therefore, when the processing temperature comes to the balanced position near the SV and a constant temperature is maintained, the most suitable value is selected by gradually narrowing the proportional band while observing the control results.

(2) Integral time (I)

Integral action is used to eliminate offset. When the integral time is shortened, the returning speed to the set point is accelerated. However, the cycle of oscillation is also accelerated and the control becomes unstable.

(3) Derivative time (D)

Derivative action is used to restore the change in the processing temperature according to the rate of change. It reduces the amplitude of overshoot and undershoot width. If the derivative time is shortened, restoring value becomes small, and if the derivative time is extended, an excessive returning phenomenon may occur and the control system may oscillate.

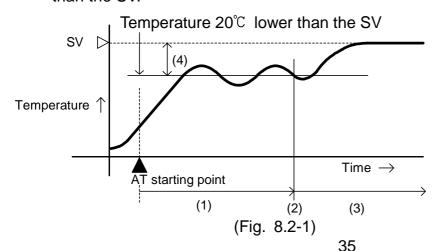
8.2 PID auto-tuning of this controller

In order to set each value of P, I, D and ARW automatically, the auto-tuning process should be made to fluctuate to obtain an optimal value.

Sometimes the auto-tuning process will not fluctuate if auto-tuning is performed at or near room temperature. Therefore auto-tuning might not finish normally.

(A) In the case of a large difference between the SV and processing temperature as the temperature is rising

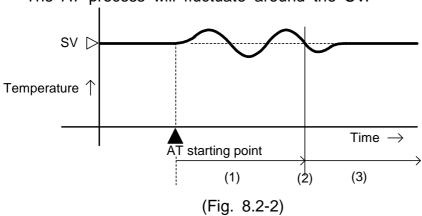
When AT bias is set to $20^{\circ}C$, the AT process will fluctuate at the temperature $20^{\circ}C$ lower than the SV.



- (1) Calculating PID constant
- (2) PID constant calculated
- (3) Controlled by the PID constant set by auto-tuning.
- (4) AT bias value

(B) In the case of a stable control

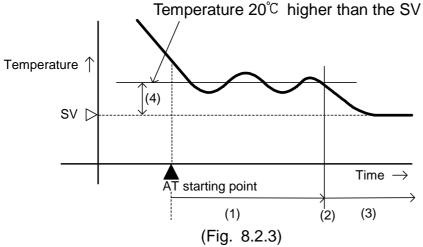
The AT process will fluctuate around the SV.



- (1) Calculating PID constant
- (2) PID constant calculated
- (3) Controlled by the PID constant set by auto-tuning

(C) In the case of a large difference between the SV and processing temperature as the temperature is falling

When AT bias is set to 20° C, the AT process will fluctuate at the temperature 20° C higher than the SV.



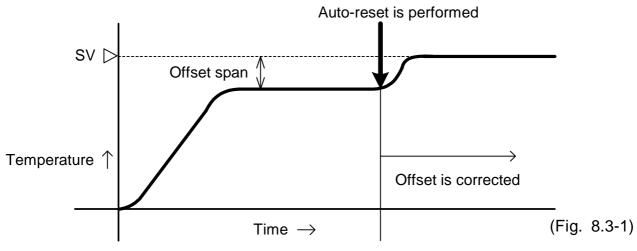
- (1) Calculating PID constant
- (2) PID constant calculated
- (3) Controlled by the PID constant set by auto-tuning
- (4) AT bias value

8.3 Auto-reset (offset correction)

Auto-reset is performed to correct the offset at the point at which PV indication is stabilized within the proportional band during the PD action.

Since the corrected value is internally memorized, it is not necessary to perform the auto-reset again as long as the process is the same.

However, when the proportional band is set to 0, the corrected value is cleared.



9. Specifications

9.1 Standard specifications

Mounting : Flush

Setting : Membrane sheet key

Display

PV display : Red LED 4 digits, character size, 18 x 8 (H x W)mm SV display : Green LED 4 digits, character size, 13.2 x 6 (H x W)mm

Accuracy (Setting, indication)

Thermocouple: Within $\pm 0.2\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit or

within $\pm 2^{\circ}C$ (4°F), whichever is greater

However, for R, S input, 0 to 200°C (0 to 400°F): Within $\pm 6^{\circ}\text{C}$ (12°F) B input, 0 to 300°C (0 to 600°F): Accuracy is not guaranteed. K, J, E, T, N input, less than 0°C (32°F): Within $\pm 0.4\%$ of each

input span ±1digit

RTD : Within $\pm 0.1\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit or

within ±1°C (2°F), whichever is greater

DC current, voltage: Within $\pm 0.2\%$ of each input span ± 1 digit

Rated input

Input type	Input r	ange	Resolution
К	–200 to 1370 °C	−320 to 2500 °F	1°C(°F)
IN.	–199.9 to 400.0°C	−199.9 to 750.0°F	0.1℃(°F)
J	–200 to 1000 °C	−320 to 1800 °F	1 ℃(°F)
R	0 to 1760 °C	0 to 3200 °F	1°C(°F)
S	0 to 1760 °C	0 to 3200 °F	1°C(°F)
В	0 to 1820 ℃	0 to 3300 °F	1℃(℉)
Е	–200 to 800 °C	−320 to 1500 °F	1℃(℉)
Т	–199.9 to 400.0°C	–199.9 to 750.0°F	0.1°C(°F)
N	–200 to 1300°C	−320 to 2300 °F	1 ℃(°F)
PL-Ⅱ	0 to 1390 °C	0 to 2500 °F	1 ℃(°F)
C(W/Re5-26)	0 to 2315 °C	0 to 4200 °F	1 ℃(°F)
Pt100	–199.9 to 850.0°C	−199.9 to 999.9°F	0.1℃(°F)
1 1100	–200 to 850 °C	−300 to 1500 °F	1 ℃(°F)
JPt100	–199.9 to 500.0°C	−199.9 to 900.0°F	0.1℃(℉)
31 (100	–200 to 500 °C	−300 to 900 °F	1℃(℉)
4 to 20mA DC	-1999 to 9999 *1 *2		1
0 to 20mA DC	-1333 to	1	
0 to 1V DC			
0 to 10V DC	-1999 to	1	
1 to 5V DC	-1333 (0	'	
0 to 5V DC			

^{*1:} For DC input, input range and decimal point place are changeable.

Input sampling period: 0.25 seconds

^{*2:} 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) must be connected between input terminals.

Input

Thermocouple : K, J, R, S, B, E, T, N, PL- \mathbb{I} , C (W/Re5-26)

External resistance, 100Ω or less,

however, for B, 40Ω or less

RTD : Pt100, JPt100, 3-wire system

Allowable input lead wire resistance, 10Ω or less per wire

DC current : 0 to 20mA DC, 4 to 20mA DC

Input impedance, 50Ω

[50 Ω] shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) must be

connected between input terminals]
Allowable input current 50mA or less

[If 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810, sold separately) is used]

DC voltage : 0 to 1V DC

Input impedance, $1M\Omega$ or more Allowable input voltage 5V or less

Allowable signal source resistance $2k\Omega$ or less

0 to 10V DC, 0 to 5V DC, 1 to 5V DC Input impedance, $100k\Omega$ or more Allowable input voltage 15V DC or less

Allowable signal source resistance 100Ω or less

Control output (OUT1)

Relay contact : 1a1b

Control capacity, 3A 250V AC (resistive load)

1A 250V AC (inductive load cosø=0.4)

Electrical life, 100,000 cycles

Non-contact voltage: 12⁺²V DC maximum 40mA (short circuit protected)

DC current : 4 to 20mA DC

Load resistance, maximum 550Ω

A1 output

When A1 action is set as Energized, the alarm action point is set by ±deviation from the SV (except Process alarm).

When the input is out of the range, the output turns ON or OFF (in the case of High/Low limit range alarm).

When the alarm action is set as Deenergized, the output acts conversely.

Setting accuracy: The same as the Indication accuracy

Action : ON/OFF action

Hysteresis : Thermocouple, RTD input, 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC current, voltage input, 1 to 1000

(The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)

Output : Relay contact 1a

Control capacity, 3A 250V AC (resistive load)

Electrical life, 100,000 cycles

Control action

• PID action (with auto-tuning function)

• PI action: When derivative time is set to 0

• PD action (with auto-reset function): When integral time is set to 0

• P action (with auto-reset function): When integral and derivative times are set to 0

 ON/OFF action: When OUT1 proportional band is set to 0 OUT1 proportional band (P)

> Thermocouple: 0 to 1000°C (0 to 2000°F) RTD: 0.0 to 999.9°C (0.0 to 999.9°F) DC current, voltage: 0.0 to 100.0%

(ON/OFF action when set to $0^{\circ}C(^{\circ}F)$, $0.0^{\circ}C(^{\circ}F)$ or 0.0%)

Integral time (I) : 0 to 1000sec (Off when set to 0) Derivative time (D) : 0 to 300sec (Off when set to 0)

OUT1 proportional cycle: 1 to 120sec (Not available for DC current output type)

ARW : 0 to 100%

OUT1 hysteresis : Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC current, voltage input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)

SV1/SV2 external selection: SV1 and SV2 can be selected by external contact.

Contact open between terminals 14 and 17: SV1 Contact closed between terminals 14 and 17: SV2

Contact current: 6mA

Supply voltage : 100 to 240V AC 50/60Hz, 24V AC/DC 50/60Hz

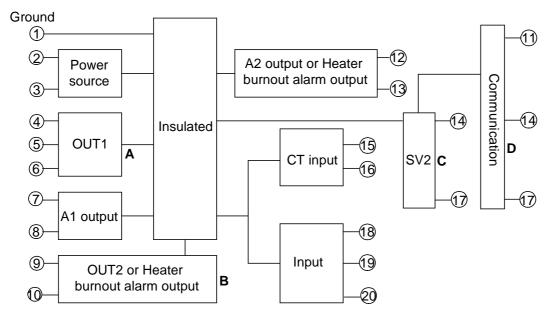
Allowable voltage fluctuation range

100 to 240V AC : 85 to 264V AC 24V AC/DC : 20 to 28V AC/DC

Ambient temperature: 0 to 50° C (32 to 122° F)

Ambient humidity: 35 to 85%RH (no condensation)

Power consumption: Approx. 8VA Circuit insulation configuration



- When OUT1 is non-contact voltage or DC current output type and OUT2 is Noncontact voltage or DC current output type, A is not insulated from B.
- When OUT1 is non-contact voltage or DC current output type, A is not insulated from C, and A is not insulated from D.

When OUT2 is non-contact voltage or DC current output type, B is not insulated from C, and B is not insulated from D.

Insulation resistance

 $10M\Omega$ or more, at 500V DC for other combinations except the above mentioned

Dielectric strength

Between input terminal and ground terminal, 1.5kV AC for 1 minute Between output terminal and ground terminal, 1.5kV AC for 1 minute Between output terminal and ground terminal, 1.5kV AC for 1 minute Between power terminal and ground terminal, 1.5kV AC for 1 minute Between power terminal and ground terminal, 1.5kV AC for 1 minute

Weight : Approx. 370g

External dimension: 96 x 96 x 98.5mm (W x H x D) **Material**: Case, Flame-resistant resin

Color : Case, Ash gray

Attached function

[Sensor correction function]
[Set value lock function]
[Input abnormality indication]

	[mparaniamy maioanon]				
	·	Output status			
Output selection	Contents and	OUT1		OL	JT2
when input abnormal	Indication	Direct action	Reverse action	Direct action	Reverse action
on	Overscale Measured value has exceeded	ON (20mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	OFF (4mA) or OUT1 low	OFF (4mA) or OUT2 low	ON (20mA) or OUT2 high limit value(*)
oFF	Indication range high limit value. " "flashes.	OFF (4mA) or OUT1 low limit value	limit value	limit value	OFF (4mA) or OUT2 low limit value
on	Underscale Measured value has dropped	OFF (4mA) or	ON (20mA) or OUT1 high limit value (*)	ON (20mA) or OUT2 high limit value (*)	OFF (4mA) or
off[]	below Indication range low limit value.	OUT1 low limit value	OFF (4mA) or OUT1 low limit value	OFF (4mA) or OUT2 low limit value	OUT2 low limit value

Only for DC input and DC current output type, [Output status selection when input abnormal] is available. For other inputs and outputs except for DC input and DC current output, the output status will be the same one as when OFF is selected during [Output status selection when input abnormal].

For manual control, the preset manipulated variable (MV) is outputted.

(*): Outputs a value between OFF (4mA) and ON (20mA) or between OUT1 (OUT2) low limit value and OUT1 (OUT2) high limit value, depending on deviation. Thermocouple. RTD input:

monnocoupic,			
Input	Input range	Indication range	Control range
K, T	–199.9 to 400.0°C	–199.9 to 450.0°C	–205.0 to 450.0°C
IX, I	−199.9 to 750.0°F	−199.9 to 850.0°F	−209.0 to 850.0°F
	–199.9 to 850.0°C	–199.9 to 900.0°C	–210.0 to 900.0°C
Pt100	–200 to 850°C	–210 to 900°C	–210 to 900°C
PITOU	−199.9 to 999.9°F	−199.9 to 999.9°F	−211.0 to 1099.9°F
	−300 to 1500°F	−318 to 1600°F	−318 to 1600°F
	–199.9 to 500.0°C	–199.9 to 550.0°C	–206.0 to 550.0°C
JPt100	–200 to 500°C	–207 to 550°C	–207 to 550°C
	−199.9 to 900.0°F	−199.9 to 999.9°F	−211.0 to 999.9 °F
	−300 to 900°F	−312 to 1000°F	−312 to 1000°F

For the thermocouple inputs other than the above, both the Indication range and Control range are: Input range low limit value – 50°C (100°F) to Input range high limit value + 50°C (100°F)

DC input

Indication range : [Scaling low limit value – Scaling span x 1%] to [Scaling high

limit value + Scaling span x 10%]

However, if the input value goes out of the range –1999 to

9999, the PV display flashes " or " - - - ".

: [Scaling low limit value – Scaling span x 1%] to [Scaling high Control range

limit value + Scaling span x 10%]

• DC input disconnection: When DC input is disconnected, PV display flashes

"____" for 4 to 20mA DC and 1 to 5V DC inputs, and

" for 0 to 1V DC input.

For 0 to 20mA DC, 0 to 5V DC and 0 to 10V DC inputs, the PV display indicates the value corresponding with 0mA or 0V input.

[Burnout]

When the thermocouple or RTD input is burnt out, OUT1 is turned off (for DC current output type, OUT1 low limit value) and the PV display flashes "

[Self-diagnosis]

The CPU is monitored by a watchdog timer, and when an abnormal status is found on the CPU, the controller is switched to warm-up status.

[Automatic cold junction temperature compensation](Thermocouple input type) This detects the temperature at the connecting terminal between thermocouple and the instrument, and always maintains the same status as when the reference junction is located at 0° C (32°F).

[Power failure countermeasure]

The setting data is backed up in non-volatile IC memory.

[Warm-up indication]

All outputs are turned OFF in the warm-up status.

With thermocouple and RTD input, for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters and temperature unit are indicated on the PV display, and the input range high limit value is indicated on the SV display. With the DC input, for approx. 3 seconds after the power is switched ON, sensor input characters are indicated on the PV display, and scaling high limit value is indicated on the SV display.

(However, if the scaling high limit value has been changed during the Scaling high limit setting, the changed value will be indicated on the SV display.)

[Auto/Manual control switching]

If Auto/Manual control function is selected during OUT/OFF key function selection, automatic control can be switched to manual control and vice versa by pressing the OUT/OFF key.

When the control action is changed from automatic to manual control and vice versa, the balanceless-bumpless function works to prevent sudden change of manipulated variable.

When the control action is changed from automatic to manual control, the 1st decimal point from the right on the SV display flashes.

The manipulated variable (MV) on the SV display can be increased or decreased by pressing the or key and the control is performed.

(When the power supply to the instrument is turned on, automatic control starts)

Accessories included: Instruction manual 1 copy

Screw type mounting brackets 1 set

CT (current transformer)

For rating 5A, 10A, 20A: AKT4815 1 piece For rating 50A: AKT4816 1 piece

Accessories sold separately:

Terminal cover (AKT9801) 1 piece 50Ω shunt resistor (AKT4810) 1 piece

9.2 Optional specifications

Alarm 2 (A2)

When A2 action is set as Energized, the alarm action point is set by ±deviation from OUT1 SV (except Process alarm).

When the input is out of the range, the output turns ON or OFF (in the case of High/Low limit range alarm).

When the alarm action is set as Deenergized, the output acts conversely.

When A2 option is added, one more option Heater burnout alarm or Heating/Cooling control can be added.

Setting accuracy: The same as the Indicating accuracy

Action : ON/OFF action

Hysteresis : Thermocouple, RTD input, 0.1 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC current, voltage input, 1 to 1000

(The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)

Output : Relay contact, 1a

Control capacity, 3A 250V AC (resistive load)

Electrical life, 100,000 cycles

HB (Heater burnout alarm)

Watches the heater current with CT (current transformer), and detects the heater burnout.

Heater burnout alarm is activated when sensor is burnt out or when indication is overscale or underscale. (To detect Heater burnout, a CT for 50A can also be used for 5A, 10A and 20A ratings, however, this is not suitable for small ampere ratings due to a low degree of accuracy. For a 20A rating or less, use a CT designated for 20A.)

- When the Heater burnout alarm option is applied, one more option A2 output or Heating/Cooling control can be added.
- This option cannot be applied to DC current output type.

Heater rated current: 5A, 10A, 20A, 50A, Must be specified Setting accuracy : Within ±5% of heater rated current

Action : ON/OFF action
Output : Relay contact, 1a

Control capacity, 3A 250V AC (resistive load)

Electrical life, 100,000 cycles

Heating/Cooling control

When the Heating/Cooling control option is added, one more option A2 output or Heater burnout alarm can be added.

OUT2 proportional band: 0.0 to 10.0 times OUT1 proportional band

(ON/OFF action when set to 0.0)

OUT2 integral time : The same as that of OUT1
OUT2 derivative time : The same as that of OUT1

OUT2 proportional cycle: 1 to 120 seconds

Overlap band/Dead band:

Thermocouple, RTD input: −100.0 to 100.0°C (°F)

DC current, voltage input: -1000 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal point follows the selection)

OUT2 ON/OFF action hysteresis:

Thermocouple, RTD input: 0.1 to 100.0° C (°F)

DC current, voltage input: 1 to 1000 (The placement of the decimal

point follows the selection)

Output Relay contact, 1a

Control capacity, 3A 250V AC (resistive load)

1A 250V AC (inductive load cosø=0.4)

Electrical life, 100,000 cycles

Non-contact voltage output

12⁺²V DC maximum 40mA (short circuit protected)

DC current output, 4 to 20mA DC

Load resistance, maximum 550Ω

OUT2 action mode selection function:

One cooling mode can be selected by keypad operation from the following.

Air cooling (Linear characteristic)

Oil cooling (1.5th power of the linear characteristic)
Water cooling (2nd power of the linear characteristic)

Serial communication

The following operations can be carried out from the external computer.

When this option is added, SV2 setting is not available.

(1) Reading and setting of SV, PID and various set values

(2) Reading of the PV and action status

(3) Change of the functions

Cable length : Max. communication distance 1000m,

Cable resistance; Within 50Ω

Communication line : EIA RS-485

Communication method : Half-duplex communication start stop synchronous Communication speed : 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200bps (Selectable by keypad) : Even, Odd and No parity (Selectable by keypad)

Stop bit : 1, 2 (Selectable by keypad)

Communication protocol : Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII (Selectable by keypad)

Connectable number of units : Maximum 31 units to 1 host computer

Communication error detection: Parity, checksum (LRC, CRC)

10. Troubleshooting

If any malfunctions occur, refer to the following items after checking the power of the controller.



Warning

Turn the power supply to the instrument off before wiring or checking. Working on or touching the terminal with the power switched on may result in severe injury or death due to Electric Shock.

10.1 Indication

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
The PV display is	Control output OFF function is working.
indicating [\Box ^F F].	Press the OUT/OFF key for approx. 1 second to
	release the function.
	Burnout of thermocouple, RTD or disconnection of DC voltage
[] is flashing	(0 to 1V DC). Change each sensor.
on the PV display.	How to check whether the sensor is burnt out
	[Thermocouple]
	If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and
	if a value around room temperature is indicated, the
	instrument is likely to be operating normally, however,
	the sensor may be burnt out.
	[RTD]
	If approx. 100Ω of resistance is connected to the input
	terminals between A-B of the instrument and between
	B-B is shorted, and if a value around 0°C (32°F) is
	indicated, the instrument is likely to be operating
	normally, however, the sensor may be burnt out.
	[DC voltage (0 to 1V DC)]
	If the input terminals of the instrument are shorted, and if a
	scaling low limit value is indicated, the instrument is likely
	to be operating normally, however, the signal wire may be
	disconnected.
	 Check whether the input terminals of thermocouple, RTD or DC voltage (0 to 1V DC) are securely mounted to the
	instrument input terminal.
	Connect the sensor terminals to the instrument input
	terminals securely.
[] is flashing	The input signal wire for DC voltage (1 to 5V DC) or DC
	current (4 to 20mA DC) may be disconnected.
on the PV display.	Replace the input signal wire.
	How to check whether the input signal wire is disconnected
	[DC voltage (1 to 5V DC)]
	If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 1V DC
	and if scaling low limit value is indicated, the controller is
	likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal
	wire may be disconnected.
	[DC current (4 to 20mA DC)]
	If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 4mA DC
	and scaling low limit value is indicated, the controller is
	likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal
	wire may be disconnected.Check whether the input signal wire of DC voltage (1 to 5V)
	DC) and DC current (4 to 20mA DC) is securely connected
	to the input terminal of this controller.
	Ensure that they are wired properly.
	Check whether the polarity of thermocouple or
	compensating lead wire is correct.
	Check whether codes (A, B, B) of the RTD agree with the
	controller terminal.
	Ensure that they are wired properly.

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
The value set during the Scaling low limit setting remains on the PV display.	 Check whether the input signal wire for DC voltage (0 to 5V DC, 0 to 10V DC) or DC current (0 to 20mA DC) is disconnected. How to check whether the input signal wire is disconnected [DC voltage (0 to 5V DC, 0 to 10V DC)] If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 1V DC and if a value corresponding to1V DC is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal wire may be disconnected. [DC current (0 to 20mA DC)] If the input to the input terminal of this controller is 1mA DC and if a value corresponding to 1mA DC is indicated, the controller is likely to be operating normally, however, the input signal wire may be disconnected. Check whether the input lead wire terminals for DC voltage (0 to 5V DC, 0 to 10V DC) or DC current (0 to 20mA DC) are securely connected to the instrument input terminals.
The indication of PV display is abnormal or unstable.	 Check whether the sensor input and temperature unit (°C or °F) setting are correct. Set the sensor input and the temperature unit properly. Sensor correcting value is unsuitable. Set it to a suitable value. Sensor specification is improper. Set the sensor specification properly. AC may be leaking into the sensor circuit. Use an ungrounded type sensor. There may be equipment that interferes with or makes noise near the controller. Keep equipment that interferes with or makes noise away from the controller.
[Err /] is indicated	The internal memory is defective.
on the PV display.	Please contact our main office or dealers.

10.2 Key operation

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
Unable to set SV, P,	Set value lock (Lock 1 or Lock 2) is selected.
I, D, proportional cycle,	Release the lock selection.
alarm value, etc.	During PID auto-tuning or auto-reset.
The value does not	Cancel the auto-tuning if necessary.
change by the	Auto-reset ends 4 minutes after starting.
keys.	
The setting indication	• SV high limit or low limit may be set at the point where the
does not change within	value does not change.
the input range even	Set it to a suitable value while in Auxiliary function setting
if the , wkeys	mode 1.
are pressed, and new	
values are unable to	
be set.	

10.3 Control

Problem	Presumed cause and solution
Temperature does	The sensor is out of order.
not rise.	Replace the sensors.
	Check whether the sensor is securely mounted to the instrument input terminal.
	Check whether control output terminals are securely mounted to the actuator input terminals.
	Mount the sensor or control output terminal securely.
	Check whether the wiring of sensor or control output terminals is correct.
The control output	OUT1 low limit value is set to 100% or higher in Auxiliary
remains ON status.	function setting mode 2.
	Set it to a suitable value while in Auxiliary function setting mode 2.
The control output	OUT1 high limit value is set to 0% or less in Auxiliary
remains OFF status.	function setting mode 2.
	Set it to a suitable value while in Auxiliary function setting mode 2.

If any unexplained malfunctions occur, make inquiries at our agency or us.

11. Character table

Photocopiable material

[Main setting mode]

<u>Limann Settinig</u>	modej		
Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
4	SV1	0℃	
'-, <u>-</u> -'	SV2	0°C	

[Sub setting mode]

Character	Setting item		Default value	Data
87	AT			
	Auto-reset			
P	OUT1 proportional band		10℃	
P_5	OUT2 proportional band		1.0 times	
1	Integral time		200 seconds	
₫	Derivative time		50 seconds	
Π	ARW		50%	
_	OUT1 proportional cycle	-	ontact output: 30sec output: 3sec	
c - p	OUT2 proportional cycle		ontact output: 30sec output: 3sec	
8 /	A1 value		0℃	
82	A2 value		0℃	
H	HB (Heater burnout alarm) va	lue	0.0A	

[Auxiliary function setting mode 1]

Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
Lock	Set value lock	Unlock	
5 H	SV high limit	1370℃	
-, <u>-,</u> <u>-,</u>	SV low limit	–200°C	
70	Sensor correction	0.0℃	
- 5 5 L	Communication protocol	Modbus ASCII	
chno	Instrument number	0	
_	Communication speed	9600bps	
chPr	Parity	Even	
ニューニ	Stop bit	1	

[Auxiliary function setting mode 2]

Character	Setting item	Default value	Data
5555	Input type	K: –200 to 1370°C	
45LH	Scaling high limit	9999	
5/11	Scaling low limit	-1999	
dP	Decimal point place	No decimal point	
FILT	PV filter time constant	0.0 seconds	
σLΗ	OUT1 high limit	100%	
all	OUT1 low limit	0%	
HYS	OUT1 ON/OFF action hysteresis	1.0℃	
cAc!	OUT2 action mode	Air cooling	
oLHb	OUT2 high limit	100%	
oLLb	OUT2 low limit	0%	
db	Overlap band/Dead band	0.0℃	
<i>H</i>	OUT2 ON/OFF action hysteresis	1.0℃	
RL IF	A1 type	No alarm action	
AL2F	A2 type	No alarm action	
A ILA	A1 action Energized/Deenergized	Energized	
A2LA	A2 action Energized/Deenergized	Energized	
A IHY	A1 hysteresis	1.0℃	
A5HA	A2 hysteresis	1.0℃	
8 185	A1 action delayed timer	0 seconds	
8235	A2 action delayed timer	0 seconds	
coni	Direct (Cooling)/Reverse (Heating) control action	Reverse (Heating) action	
85_5	AT bias	20℃	
58_5	Setting item not used		
48 2	SV2 indication	Indication	
EaUl	Output status selection when input abnormal	Output OFF	
ā8aU	OUT/OFF key function	OUT/OFF function	

If you have any inquiries, please consult our agency or the shop where you purchased the unit.

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